ECOLE DES MINES DE NANTES — OW2 Annual Conference — INRIA — orange

Reliable reconfigurations in Fractal

Motivations

In the context of system (self-)administration, dynamic reconfigurations are crucial

- corrective and preventive maintenance, fault-handling, optimizing, context awareness, etc.

But how to ensure consistency of reconfigurations?

- violation of model or architectural invariants, hardware crashes

Propositions

A consistency model for Fractal architectures via integrity constraints

$F = (F_E, F_R, F_P)$

F_E = Component U Interface U Attribute

F_R = hasInterface U hasAttribute U hasChild U boundTo

F_P = binary predicates (e.g. noCycle(E,R))

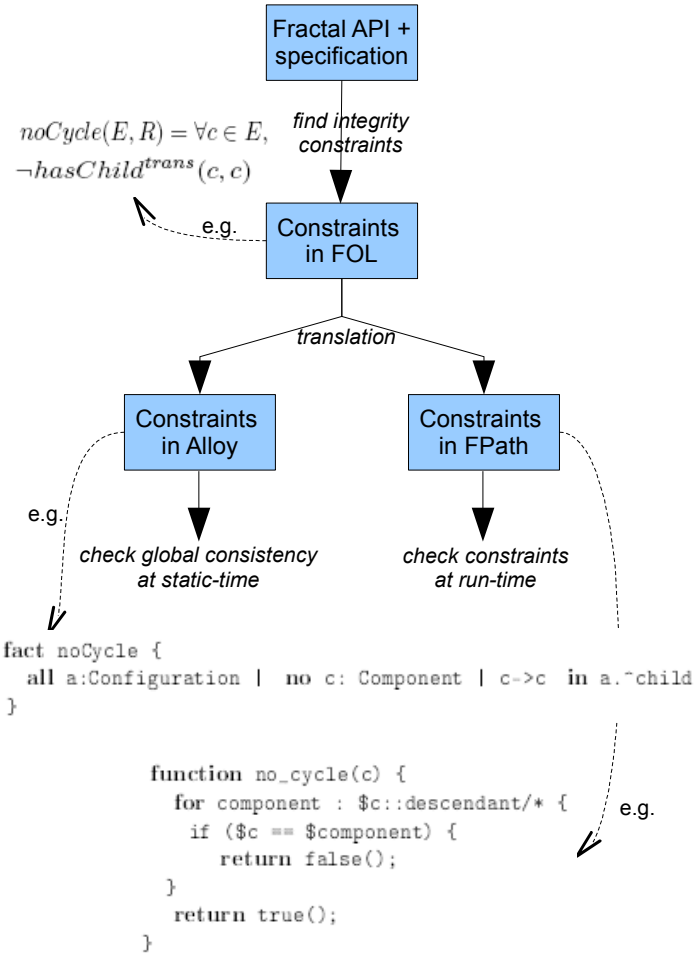
A run-time support for fault-tolerance

- A transactional approach

A Fractal framework with dedicated controllers, ADL extensions

```
<definition name="ClientServer">
  <interface name="main" role="server" signature="java.lang.Runnable" />
  <component name="client"> ... </component>
  <component name="server"> ... </component>
  <binding client="this.main" server="client.main" />
  <binding client="client.service" server="server.service" />
  <constraints>
    <!-- Contrainte : un sous-composant doit fournir l'interface "service" -->
    <constraint value="size(./child::*[./interface::service])==1" />
    <!-- Contrainte : le composant ne doit pas être partagé -->
    <constraint value="no_sharing(.)" />
  </constraints>
</definition>
```

Checking Fractal configurations with invariants



Checking Fractal reconfigurations with pre/post-conditions

Addition of a subcomponent : $add(Component\ p, Component\ c)$
Preconditions
$p, c \in E$
$\exists i \in E,\ hasInterface(p,i) \wedge contentCtrlItf(i)$
$\neg(p = c)$
$\neg hasChild^{trans}(c,p)$
Postconditions
$E' = E$
$R' = R \cup \{hasChild(p,c)\}$

translation in FScript

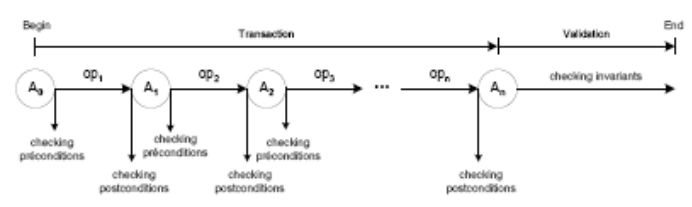
```
action addSafe(p, c) {
 //Preconditions
 assert($p/interface::content-controller)); -- p must be a composite component
 assert(not($p == $c)); // p must not equals c
 assert(size(intersection($p, $c/descendant::*)) == 0); -- p must not be a
                                                        -- descendant of c

 //Operation execution
 add($p, $c);

 //Postconditions
 assert(size(intersection($c, $p/child::*)) == 1); -- c must be a child of p
}
```

A transactional approach (a.k.a FractalTXR)

- Motivation
  - allows fault recovery, architecture consistency, concurrency of reconfigurations, self-repair
- Using FractalTXR
  - automatic demarcation when using FScript



A flat transaction model adapted for dynamic reconfiguration

- **Atomicity:** reconfiguration operations either all occur, or nothing occurs (atomicity with undo operations)

Consistency: ensure that the architecture remains in a consistent state (verify integrity constraints)

Isolation: independent reconfigurations cannot access or see the data in an intermediate state during a transaction (pessimistic approach with locking)

Durability: the result of a reconfiguration is persistent (serialization of ADL definitions)

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